

ORDINANCE NO. NS -2445

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTERS 1.2 DEFINITIONS, 2.1 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS, 3.1 LOT, PARCEL AND BLOCK DESIGN, ACCESS AND CIRCULATION, 3.6 SPECIAL STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS FOR CERTAIN USES, 3.8 DEVELOPMENT ALTERNATIVES, 4.1 DEVELOPMENT REVIEW AND PROCEDURES, 4.3 SUBDIVISIONS, PARTITIONS, REPLATS AND PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENTS AND 4.5 MASTER PLANS AND MINOR AMENDMENTS THROUGHOUT THE BDC

Findings:

- A. SB 458 was passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2021 and it goes into effect July 1, 2022. The bill is a follow-up to House Bill (HB) 2001 which legalizes middle housing in many cities throughout the state. SB 458 requires cities to allow middle housing developments to be divided into individual lots for homeownership opportunities through an expedited land division process.
- B. The application was processed in accordance with Bend Development Code (BDC) 4.1.500. The City provided timely and sufficient notice of the legislative changes pursuant to Section 4.1.515 of the Bend Development Code.
- C. The City submitted a Notice of Proposed Amendment to the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development on March 21, 2022.
- D. Notice of the May 9, 2022, Planning Commission public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 17, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the Neighborhood Associations on April 14, 2022. A notice of the May 18, 2022, City Council public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 24, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the neighborhood associations on April 22, 2022.
- E. On April 25, 2022, the Planning Commission, along with members from the Affordable Housing Advisory Committee (AHAC), Neighborhood Leadership Alliance (NLA), and Environmental and Climate Committee (ECC), held a joint work session and discussed the amendments.
- F. On May 9, 2022, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on Project Number PLTEXT20220203, and began deliberation. The Planning Commission voted to recommend that the City Council approve the proposed text amendments in Exhibit A.
- G. The City Council held a public hearing on May 18, 2022, to accept evidence, receive public testimony, and consider the Planning Commission's recommendation. The City Council found that the amendments satisfy the criteria for approval contained in Section 4.6.200 of the Bend Development Code and voted to approve the amendments to the Bend Development Code with the addition of BDC 3.6.200.A.5.

Based on these findings, THE CITY OF BEND ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The Bend Development Code is amended as depicted in attachment Exhibit A.


Section 2. In addition to the findings set forth above, the City Council adopts and incorporates the findings in Exhibit B.

First Reading: May 18, 2022

Second reading and adoption by roll call vote: June 1, 2022

YES: Mayor Gena Goodman-Campbell
Mayor Pro Tem Anthony Broadman
Councilor Barb Campbell
Councilor Melanie Kebler
Councilor Megan Perkins

NO: none



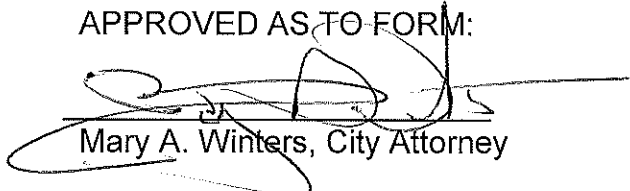
Gena Goodman-Campbell, Mayor

ATTEST:



Robyn Christie, City Recorder

APPROVED AS TO FORM:



Mary A. Winters, City Attorney

Exhibit A
Bend Development Code Update
Draft: June 1, 2022
Prepared by:

Planning Division

Note:

Text in underlined typeface is proposed to be added

Text in ~~striketrough~~ typeface is proposed to be deleted.

***Indicates where text from the existing code has been omitted because it will remain unchanged.

Staff comments are ***bold and italicized***

Bend Development Code

Amend the following throughout the BDC:

Rename Subdivisions, Partitions, Replats and Property Line Adjustments to Land Divisions and Property Line Adjustments

Rename Development Services Director to Community and Economic Development Director

Chapter 1.2

Definitions

Expedited land division means an alternative procedure for residential land divisions in ORS 197.360 through ORS 197.380. See BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

Middle housing land divisions means the creation of multiple lots or parcels from a single parent site on which middle housing is developed or proposed, which results in an individual lot or parcel for each of the middle housing units. See BDC 3.6.200.A, Development on a Middle Housing Land Division Site and BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

Parent site (also referred to as parent property) means a lot or parcel that was the subject of a development application.

Chapter 3.1

Lot, Parcel and Block Design, Access and Circulation

3.1.200 Lot, Parcel and Block Design

A. *Purpose.* The purpose of this section is to create orderly development as the City grows and redevelops. The size, width, topography and orientation of lots or parcels shall be appropriate for the location of the land division and for the type of development and use contemplated.

B. *Applicability.* New development shall be consistent with the provisions of this chapter and other applicable sections of this code.

C. *General Requirements for Lots and Parcels.*

1. Depth and width of new lots or parcels must meet the minimum standards specified for the zoning district. Where no minimum standards are specified, the depth and width must be adequate to provide for the off-street service and parking facilities required by the type of use and development contemplated.

2. On steep slopes, increased lot or parcel sizes may be required to avoid excessive cuts, fills and steep driveways.

3. On tracts containing watercourses or rock outcroppings, increased lot or parcel sizes may be required to allow adequate room for development and protection of the topographic or natural feature.

4. Each lot or parcel must abut upon a street other than an alley for the minimum width required for lots or parcels in the zone, except:

a. For lots or parcels fronting on the bulb of a cul-de-sac, the minimum frontage is 30 feet, except for townhomes;

b. For approved flag lots or parcels, the minimum frontage is 15 feet;

- c. For townhomes and lots or parcels in zero lot line developments, the minimum frontage is 20 feet; and
- d. In zones where a minimum frontage width is not specified, the minimum frontage is 50 feet.

(Need to provide a lot width requirement for townhomes.)

Chapter 3. 6

Special Standards and Regulations for Certain Uses

3.6.200 Residential Uses.

~~A. Repealed by Ord.NS-2389~~

A. Development on a Middle Housing Land Division Site. *(This new section applies to future development and alterations to development on a site that has undergone a middle housing land division. It incorporates certain limitations that are allowed by SB 458, including that the type of housing doesn't change with creation of new lots or parcels, that only one dwelling unit is allowed per lot and that lots or parcels may not be subsequently divided.)*

1. Applicability.

- a. The standards of this section apply to lots or parcels created from a middle housing land division. See BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

2. Development on a Middle Housing Land Division Site.

- a. For purposes of the middle housing development, the regulations of the BDC apply to lots and parcels resulting from a middle housing land division collectively and not to each lot or parcel individually. For example, the building setback standards of the corresponding zone apply to the property lines of the parent site prior to the land division and not to the property lines of each individual lot created through the middle housing land division.
- b. The residential structure type on a site that has been divided through a middle housing land division remains the residential structure type that was proposed with the middle housing land

division. For example, if the middle housing land division was approved for a site with an existing or proposed quadplex, the residential structure type on the site remains a quadplex following the middle housing land division.

3. More than one dwelling unit is prohibited on a lot or parcel that has been created through a middle housing land division. Accessory dwelling units are prohibited on lots or parcels that have been divided through middle housing land divisions.
4. The further division of a lot or parcel created through a middle housing land division is prohibited.
5. For purposes of the middle housing development, the concentration limits for Short-Term Rentals in BDC 3.6.500 will be measured based on the parent site, rather than from an individual lot or parcel created through a middle housing land division. Individual lots or parcels will each be subject to the other standards in BDC 3.6.500, Short-Term Rentals, on an individual lot or parcel basis. *(Added by the City Council on May 18, 2022)*

B. Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU). An accessory dwelling unit (ADU) is a small dwelling unit on a property that contains a single-unit dwelling as the primary use. The ADU may be attached, detached, or within a portion of an existing dwelling unit. The maximum density standards do not apply to ADUs due to their small size and low occupancy. The standards of this section are intended to control the size, scale and number of ADUs on individual properties to promote compatibility with abutting land uses. ADUs must comply with the following standards in addition to the standards of the applicable zoning district:

1. Permitted ADU. An ADU may only be permitted on a lot or parcel with a single-unit detached dwelling, a townhome, or a manufactured home.
 - a. Exception. ADUs are not permitted on a lot or parcel created by a middle housing land division.
(SB 458 applies to middle housing as defined in ORS 197.758. Accessory dwelling units are not a type of middle housing.)

Chapter 3.8

Development Alternatives

3.8.600 Courtyard Dwelling Units.

A. Applicability. Courtyard dwelling unit developments are allowed in the following districts: Low Density Residential (RL), Standard Density Residential (RS), Medium Density Residential (RM) and Medium-10 Residential (RM-10).

B. Permitted Uses.

1. Single-unit detached dwellings.
2. Duplexes.
3. Accessory dwelling units and structures.

C. The following standards are intended to promote compatibility and privacy between abutting buildings and allow for building maintenance:

1. ~~Courtyard dwelling units on individual lots and parcels are subject to the standards of the underlying zoning district, except that in the RS, RM-10 and RM Districts a three-foot minimum side setback is required on one side as shown in Figure 3.8.600 and a six-foot minimum side setback is required on one side in the RL District. Courtyard dwelling units on individual lots and parcels are subject to the standards of the underlying zoning district, except as follows:~~

a. RS, RM-10 and RM Districts. A three-foot minimum side setback is required on one side and a minimum seven-foot setback is required on the other side (courtyard setback) as shown in Figure 3.8.600

b. RL District. A six-foot minimum side setback is required on one side and a minimum of 14-foot setback is required on the other side (courtyard setback).

2. Setbacks Abutting a Non-Courtyard Development. When a courtyard dwelling unit shares a side property line with a non-courtyard dwelling unit (including vacant lots), the courtyard building dwelling unit must be set back from the common property line by a minimum of seven feet in the RS, RM-10 and RM Districts and 14 feet in the RL District.

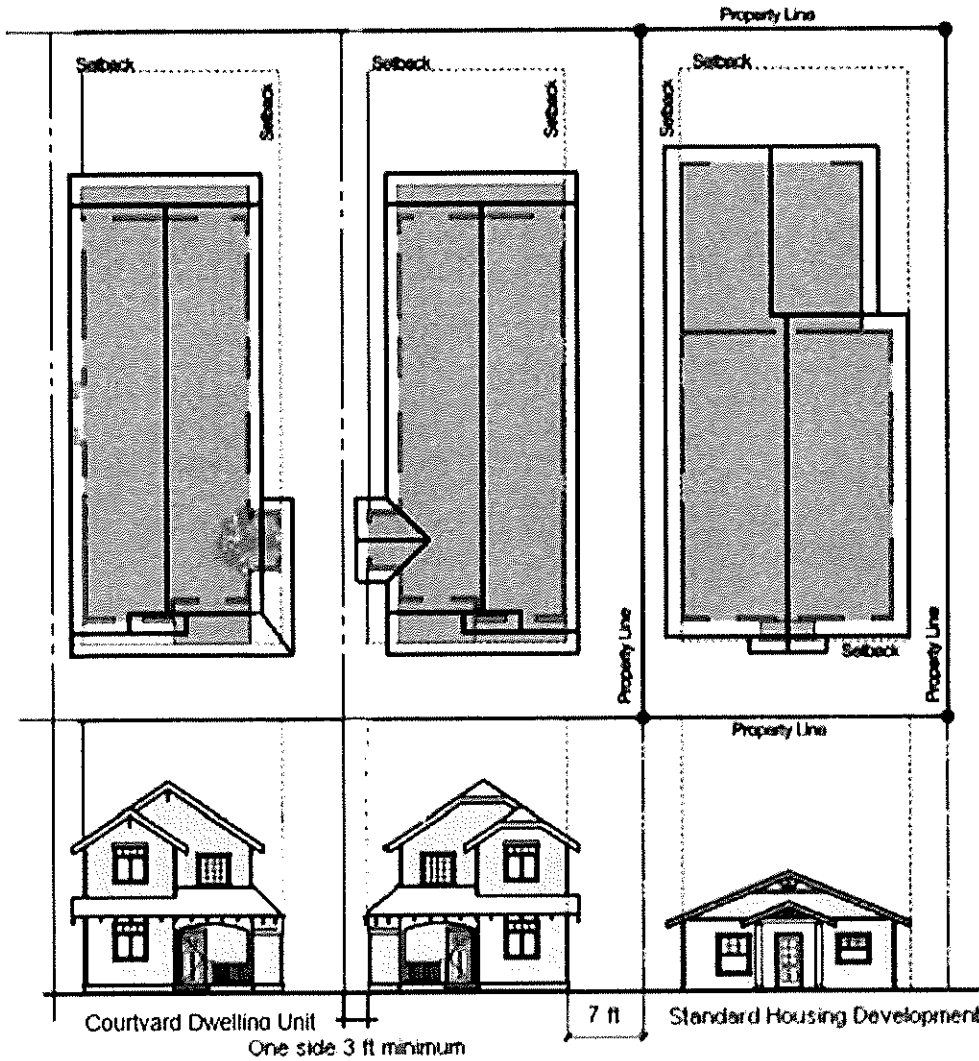
3. Construction and Maintenance Easement. Prior to building permit approval, the applicant must submit a copy of a recorded easement for every courtyard dwelling unit that guarantees rights for the purpose

of construction and maintenance of structures and yards. The easement must stipulate that no fence or other obstruction ~~must~~ may be placed in a manner that would prevent maintenance of structures on the subject lot.

4. ~~Buffering. The building placement, landscaping, and/or design of windows must provide a buffer for the occupants of abutting courtyard lots. For example, this standard is met by placing ground-floor windows (along the courtyard setback) where views are directed into adjacent yards, or by directing views away from yards (e.g., bay window), or by using frosted glass or other window covering that obscures any view to the interior but allows light into the interior. This standard does not apply to abutting non-courtyard lots. Privacy. In order to maintain privacy of a courtyard on an abutting courtyard lot or parcel, the windows on the first story wall must be clerestory windows located a minimum of five feet from the interior floor or obscured glass (e.g., frosted, patterned, bubbled, ribbed). This standard does not apply to abutting non-courtyard lots or parcels. (*Amendments are needed to provide clarity about what qualifies as a buffer.*)~~

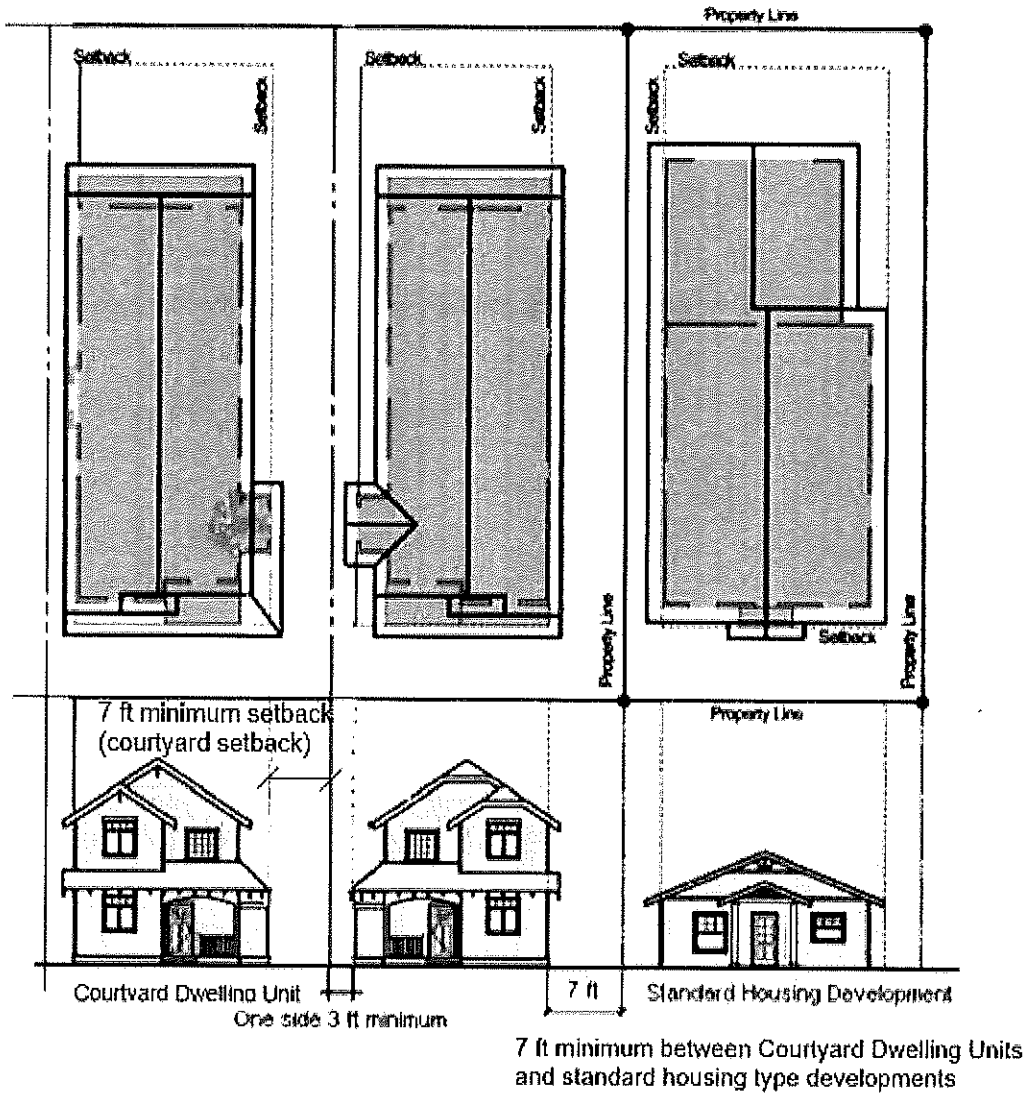
Figure 3.8.600.A – Courtyard Dwelling Units

(Delete figure below)



7 ft minimum between Courtyard Dwelling Units and standard housing type developments

(Add figure below)



Chapter 4.1

Development Review and Procedures.

4.1.412 Completeness Check.

A. Except as provided in subsections (C) and (D) of this section, the City shall take final action on an application for a permit, limited land use decision or zone change, including resolution of all appeals, within 120 days after the application is deemed complete.

1. For middle housing land divisions, See BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions.

4.1.1100 Appeals.

For expedited and middle housing land divisions, see BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions.

4.1.1600 Summary of Development Application Types

There are four types of procedures: Type I, II, III, and IV. Table 4.1.1600 lists the City's development applications and their required types of procedure(s).

Table 4.1.1600 Summary of Development Application Types

(Other uses in Table 2.1.200 remain unchanged)

Development Application	Type I*	Type II*	Type III	Type IV
<u>Expedited Land Division. See BDC 4.3.700</u> <i>(Locate at bottom of table)</i>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Middle Housing Land Division. See BDC 4.3.700</u> <i>(Locate at bottom of table)</i>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>

*Unless elevated by the Development Services Director as authorized in BDC Chapter 4.1.

♦See BDC 3.6.500, Short-Term Rentals.

♦♦See BDC Chapter 3.7, Wireless and Broadcast Communication Facilities – Standards and Process.

Chapter 4.3

~~Subdivisions, Partitions, Replats~~ Land Divisions and Property Line Adjustments

Sections:

4.3.100 Purpose and Applicability.

4.3.200 General Requirements.

4.3.300 Tentative Plan.

4.3.400 Final Plat.

4.3.500 Replats.

4.3.600 Property Line Adjustments.

4.3.700 Repealed Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

4.3.100 Purpose and Applicability.

A. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to:

1. Provide rules, regulations and standards governing the review and approval of subdivisions, partitions, replats, and property line adjustments, expedited land divisions and middle housing land divisions.
2. Carry out the City's development pattern, as envisioned by the Bend Comprehensive Plan;
3. Encourage efficient use of land resources, full utilization of urban services, and transportation options;
4. Promote the public health, safety and general welfare through orderly and efficient urbanization;
5. Reduce or avoid traffic congestion, and secure safety from fire, flood, pollution and other dangers;
6. Provide adequate light and air, prevent overcrowding of land, provide open space opportunities, and facilitate adequate provision for transportation, water supply, sewage and drainage; and
7. Encourage the conservation of energy resources.
8. Support homeownership by allowing lots or parcels with middle housing to divide so that the dwelling unit is on its own lot or parcel.

B. Applicability. Units of land shall must only be created or reconfigured in conformance with the standards of this chapter and ORS Chapter 92. For Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions, see BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

4.3.700 Infill Development Options-Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

A. Applicability.

1. **Expedited Land Divisions.** An expedited land division may be submitted when it complies with the following:
 - a. Includes only land zoned for residential uses.
 - b. Is solely for the purpose of residential use, including recreational or open space uses accessory to residential use.
 - c. Does not provide for dwellings or accessory buildings to be located on land that is specifically mapped and designated in the comprehensive plan and land use regulations for full or partial protection of natural features under the statewide planning goals that protect open spaces, scenic and historic areas and natural resources including the River Corridor Areas of Special Interest, Riparian Corridors and Upland Areas of Special Interest;
 - d. Satisfies minimum street or other right-of-way connectivity standards established by the City's Transportation System Plan, Bend's Standards and Specifications, and the BDC.
 - e. Will result in development that either:
 - i. Creates enough lots or parcels to allow building residential units at 80 percent or more of the maximum net density permitted by the zoning designation of the site; or
 - ii. All dwellings will be sold or rented to households with incomes below 120 percent of the median family income for Deschutes County. A copy of a deed restriction or other legal mechanism approved by the Director shall be submitted.

(ORS 197.360)

2. Middle Housing Land Divisions.

- a. A middle housing land divisions applies to duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, or cottage cluster developments.
- b. A middle housing land division may be submitted when the parent site is developed with middle housing, has an active building permit to construct middle housing or the application for a land

division must be reviewed concurrently with a building permit application for construction of middle housing. (Allowed by SB 458)

3. An expedited land division and middle housing land division as described in this section is not a land use decision or a limited land use decision under ORS 197.015. (SB 458 and ORS 197.370)

B. Preliminary Plat Process for Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions. Unless the applicant requests to use the procedure set forth in BDC 4.3.300, Tentative Plan, the City must use the following procedures for an expedited land division and a middle housing land division.

1. Completeness Review.

- a. If the application for an expedited land division or middle housing land division is incomplete, the City must notify the applicant of the missing information within 21 days of receiving an application. The application must be deemed complete on the date the applicant submits the requested information or refuses in writing to submit it. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
- b. If the application was complete when first submitted or the applicant submits the requested additional information within 180 days of the date the application was first submitted, approval or denial of the application must be based upon the standards and criteria that were applicable at the time the application was first submitted. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)

2. Notice of Application.

- a. Written notice of the receipt of the completed application for an expedited and middle housing land division must be provided to:
 - i. The applicant.
 - ii. Owners of record of property as shown on the most recent property tax assessment roll of property located, and to the addresses based on the City's current addressing records within 100 feet of the property that is subject of the notice. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
 - iii. Designated land use chair(s) of a neighborhood association recognized by the City of Bend where any property within the notice area specified is within the boundaries of a neighborhood association. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)

- iv. Any agency responsible for providing public services or facilities to the subject site. (Required by SB 458)
- b. The notice must include the following: (Required by SB 458)
 - i. The deadline for submitting written comments;
 - ii. A statement of issues that may provide the basis for an appeal to the hearings officer must be raised in writing prior to the expiration of the comment period; and
 - iii. A statement that issues must be raised with sufficient specificity to enable the local government to respond to the issue.
 - iv. The applicable criteria for the decision.
 - v. The place, date, and time that comments are due.
 - vi. A time and place where copies of all evidence submitted by the applicant will be available for review.
 - vii. The street address or other easily understood geographical reference to the subject property.
 - viii. The name and telephone number of a local government contact.
 - ix. A brief summary of the local decision-making process for the land division decision being made.
- c. The written notice requirement will be deemed met when the Planning Division can provide an affidavit or other certification that such notice was given. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
- d. Notice must be posted on the subject property by the applicant/property owner throughout the duration of the required public comment period. Such notice must be located within 10 feet of any abutting public way. Failure of applicant/property owner to maintain posting of the sign throughout the duration of the required public comment period does not invalidate a land use approval.
- 3. Any person may comment in writing within 14 days from the date notice was mailed. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)

4. Decisions are made by the Development Services Director following public notice and an opportunity for parties to comment but without a public hearing. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
5. The City must issue the administrative decision on the application within 63 days of receiving a completed application. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
6. The Development Services Director's decision must be based on applicable requirements of the BDC. An approval may include conditions to ensure that the application meets applicable land use regulations. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
7. Notice of the decision must be provided to the applicant and to those who received notice under subsection 2(a) within 63 days of the date of a completed application. The notice of decision must include: (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.365)
 - a. A summary statement explaining the determination; and
 - b. An explanation of appeal rights under ORS 197.375.
8. Failure to approve or deny application within specified time.
 - a. After seven days' notice to the applicant, the City Council may, at a regularly scheduled public meeting, act to extend the 63-day time period to a date certain for one or more applications for an expedited land division prior to the expiration of the 63-day period, based on a determination that an unexpected or extraordinary increase in applications makes action within 63 days impracticable. In no case shall an extension be to a date more than 120 days after the application was deemed complete. Upon approval of an extension, the provisions of ORS 197.360 to 197.380, including the mandamus remedy provided by subsection (a), shall remain applicable to the expedited land division and middle housing land division, except that the extended period shall be substituted for the 63-day period wherever applicable. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.370)
 - b. The decision to approve or deny an extension under subsection b of this section is not a land use decision or limited land use decision. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.370)
9. A decision may be appealed within 14 days of the mailing of the decision notice by the applicant or a person or organization who file written comments within the time period described in BDC 4.3.700.C.3. The appeal must include the appeal application and a \$300 deposit for costs. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.375)
10. An appeal must be based solely on one or more of the allegations: (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.375)
 - a. The decision violates the substantive provisions of the applicable land use regulations;
 - b. The decision is unconstitutional;

- c. The application was not eligible for review under BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions and should be reviewed as a land use decision or limited land use decision.
 - d. The appellant's substantive rights were substantially prejudiced by a procedural error.
11. The City must appoint a hearings officer to decide the appeal decision and the appointed hearings officer must comply with ORS 197.375(3) through (6) when issuing a decision. (Required by SB 458 and ORS 197.375 (3) through 6)

C. Expedited and Middle Housing Preliminary Plan Submittal Requirements.

1. **Expedited Land Division Submittal Requirements.** An application for an expedited land division must submit the items listed in BDC 4.3.300 (B) and a letter or narrative report documenting compliance with the applicable approval criteria contained in BDC 4.3.700(D)(1), Expedited Land Division Approval Criteria.
2. **Middle Housing Land Division Submittal Requirements.** An application for a middle housing land division must include the following:
 - a. Items listed in BDC 4.3.300 (B) and a letter or narrative report documenting compliance with the applicable approval criteria contained in BDC 4.3.700(D)(2), Middle Housing Land Division Approval Criteria.
 - b. Evidence in the form of a written statement provided by a design professional licensed in the state of Oregon and including such professional's stamp/seal and a site plan that demonstrates that all of the buildings and structures on a resulting lot or parcel comply with applicable building code provisions relating to the proposed property lines and, all of the buildings and structures located on the lots or parcels comply with the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.
 - c. A plan showing the following details:
 - i. Separate utility connections for each dwelling unit, demonstrating compliance with approval criterion 4.3.700.D.2.c.
 - ii. Existing or proposed easements necessary for each dwelling unit on the plan, demonstrating compliance with the criterion 4.3.700.D.2.d.

D. Approval Criteria for an Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division.

1. Expedited Land Division Approval Criteria. The applicant for an expedited land division must demonstrate that the application meets the criteria of BDC 4.3.300.E and the following:
 - a. The expedited land division complies with each of the provisions of BDC 4.3.700(A) of this section.

2. Middle Housing Land Division Approval Criteria. The applicant for a middle housing land division must demonstrate that the application meets all of the following criteria:
 - a. The proposed, approved, or legally existing middle housing development meets the standards and regulations of the BDC applicable to the development on the parent site prior to the land division.
(Required by SB 458)

 - b. All of the existing and proposed buildings and structures on a resulting lot or parcel comply with applicable building code provisions relating to the proposed property lines and, all of the buildings and structures located on the lots or parcels comply with the Oregon Residential Specialty Code.
(Required by SB 458)

 - c. Separate utility service connections for public water and sewer will be provided for each dwelling unit. *(Required by SB 458)*

 - d. The preliminary plat includes easements or tracts necessary for each dwelling unit for: *(Required by SB 458)*
 - i. Locating, accessing, replacing, and servicing all utilities, a minimum of five feet in width. Easements across property lines must be avoided if utilities to the lot frontage can be obtained from existing mains or installation of new mains;

 - ii. Pedestrian access easement a minimum width of four feet from each dwelling unit to a private or public street and to any required common area;

 - iii. Any common use areas or shared building elements;

 - iv. Any driveways or parking; and

 - v. Any common area.

 - e. The middle housing land division results in one dwelling unit on each middle housing lot.
(Required by SB 458)

- f. Where a resulting lot or parcel abuts a street that does not meet City standards, street frontage improvements will be constructed in conformance with the City's Standards and Specifications and, if necessary, additional right-of-way will be dedicated to the public without reservation or restriction. (SB 458 allows a city to require this.)
- g. The type of middle housing developed on the parent site is not altered by a middle housing land division. (Required by SB 458)

E. Preliminary Plat Conditions of Approval for Middle Housing Land Divisions.

- 1. The following conditions of approval are required for a middle housing land division:
 - a. Further division of the resulting lots or parcels is not permitted. (SB 458 allows a city to condition this)
 - b. Accessory dwelling units are not permitted on resulting lots or parcels from a middle housing land division. (SB 458 allows a city to condition this.)
- 2. The City must not attach conditions of approval that a resulting lot or parcel require driveways, vehicle access, parking, or minimum or maximum street frontage. (Required by SB 458)

F. Final Plat Requirements for Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions.

- 1. **Expedited Land Division Final Plat.** Approval of a final plat for an expedited land is subject to BDC 4.3.400, Final Plat.
- 2. **Middle Housing Land Division Final Plat.**
 - a. Approval of a final plat for a middle housing land division is subject to BDC 4.3.400, Final Plat, except as provided below.
 - b. A final plat will not be approved until building permits are issued and framing inspections for the dwelling units on each lot are passed. (SB 458 allows this)
 - c. Final occupancy for the middle housing dwelling units will not be approved until recordation of the final plat. (SB 458 allows this)
 - d. A notation must appear on the final plat indicating that the approval was given under (Insert ORS reference for SB 458 Section 2).
 - e. A notice in the form of a restrictive covenant must be recorded with the county which states:
 - i. The middle housing lot or parcel cannot be further divided.
 - ii. No more than one dwelling unit of middle housing can be developed on each middle housing lot.

- iii. Accessory dwelling units are not permitted.
- iv. The dwelling developed on the middle housing lot or parcel is a unit of middle housing and is not an attached or detached dwelling unit or any other housing type.
- f. The tentative approval of a middle housing land division is void if a final subdivision or partition plat is not recorded within three years of the tentative approval. (Required by SB 458)

Chapter 4.5

Master Plans

4.5.200 Community Master Plan.

E. Standards and Regulations. Minor and major community master plans must comply with the following standards:

- 3. Housing Density and Mix. Community master plans 20 acres or larger must provide a mix of housing types and achieve minimum housing densities in conformance with the standards of subsections (E)(3)(a) and (b) of this section. To the extent that the Bend Comprehensive Plan Chapter 11, Growth Management, proposes a different mix of housing and/or density standards in the specific expansion area policies, then those policies apply.

b. Minimum standards are as follows:

- i. RL Comprehensive Plan Designation. At least 50 percent of the maximum gross density of the RL Comprehensive Plan designation, with two- and three-unit dwellings, quadplexes, townhomes and/or multi-unit residential housing units comprising at least 10 percent of total housing units.
- ii. RS Comprehensive Plan Designation. At least 70 percent of the maximum gross density of the RS Comprehensive Plan designation, with two- and three-unit dwellings, quadplexes,

townhomes, and/or multi-unit residential housing units comprising at least 10 percent of total housing units.

- iii. RM Comprehensive Plan Designation. At least 60 percent of the maximum gross density of the RM Comprehensive Plan designation, with two- and three-unit dwellings, quadplexes, townhomes, and/or multi-unit residential housing units comprising at least 67 percent of total housing units.
- iv. RH Comprehensive Plan Designation. The minimum density of the RH Comprehensive Plan designation applies. Single-unit detached dwellings are not permitted in the RH Zone.

(Quadplexes were inadvertently left off with HB 2001 amendments.)

**EXHIBIT B
FINDINGS OF FACT
BEND DEVELOPMENT CODE (BDC) UPDATE
AMENDMENT PLTEXT20220203**

I. PROCEDURAL FINDINGS:

(1) PUBLIC NOTICE AND COMMENTS.

Notice of the amendments was provided to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on March 21, 2022. Staff emailed the proposed amendments to the people who have expressed an interest in the amendments, to the Bend Development Code Update Group and to the Neighborhood Association Land Use Chairs on March 21, 2022. A notice of the May 9, 2022, Planning Commission public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 17, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the Neighborhood Associations on April 14, 2022. A notice of the May 18, 2022, City Council public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 24, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the neighborhood associations on April 22, 2022. Public comments can be viewed in the Online Permit Center Portal on the City of Bend website. Open the Portal and select the *Application Search* link under the Planning & Historic header, then enter the project number PLTEXT20220203 in the search bar to find the project.

- (2) PROPOSAL:** Amendments to Bend Development Code (BDC) Chapters 1.2 Definitions, 2.1 Residential Districts, 3.1, Lot, Parcel and Block Design, Access and Circulation, 3.6 Special Standards and Regulations for Certain Uses, 3.8 Development Alternatives, 4.1, Development Review and Procedures, 4.3, Subdivisions, Partitions, Replats and Property Line Adjustments and 4.5 Master Plans and minor amendments throughout the BDC for consistency and clarity. The amendments are attached as Exhibit A.

II. CRITERIA OF APPROVAL:

- (1) The Bend Comprehensive Plan
- (2) Bend Development Code
 - (a) Chapter 4.6, Land Use District Map and Text Amendments; Section 4.6.200(B), Criteria for Legislative Amendments

III. APPLICABLE PROCEDURES:

- (1) Bend Development Code
 - (a) Chapter 4.1, Land Use Review and Procedures

IV. FINDINGS REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE CRITERIA:

CONFORMANCE WITH CITY OF BEND DEVELOPMENT CODE, CHAPTER 4.6, LAND USE DISTRICT MAP AND TEXT AMENDMENTS

4.6.200 Legislative Amendments.

A. Applicability, Procedure and Authority. Legislative amendments generally involve broad public policy decisions that apply to other than an individual property owner. These include, without limitation, amendments to the text of the comprehensive plan and map, Development Code and changes in the zoning map not directed at a small number of properties. They are reviewed using the Type IV procedure in accordance with Chapter 4.1, Land Use Review and Procedures and shall conform to Section 4.6.600, Transportation Planning Rule Compliance. A Legislative Amendment may be approved or denied.

FINDING: The recommended amendments to the text of the BDC involve broad public policy rather than application to an individual property owner. Therefore, the Legislative Amendment Procedures of this section are the appropriate procedures for this review.

B. Criteria for Legislative Amendments. The applicant shall submit a written narrative which explains how the approval criteria will be met. A recommendation or a decision to approve or to deny an application for a Legislative Amendment shall be based on all of the following criteria:

1. The request is consistent with the applicable State land use law;

FINDING: The amendments are consistent with the applicable State land use law. In particular, they satisfy Goal 1: Citizen Involvement, Goal 2: Land Use Planning, and Goal 10: Housing.

Goal 1, Citizen Involvement, is satisfied by following the City's acknowledged text amendment process that includes a Planning Commission public hearing, followed by a City Council public hearing.

FINDING: Notice of the amendments was provided to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on March 21, 2022. Staff emailed the proposed amendments to the people who have expressed an interest in the amendments, to the Bend Development Code Update Group and to the Neighborhood Association Land Use Chairs on March 21, 2022. A notice of the May 9, 2022, Planning Commission public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 17, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the Neighborhood Associations on April 14, 2022. A notice of the May 18, 2022, City Council public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 24, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the neighborhood associations on April 22, 2022.

On April 25, 2022, the Planning Commission, along with members from the Affordable Housing Advisory Committee (AHAC), Neighborhood Leadership Alliance (NLA), and Environmental and Climate Committee (ECC) held a joint work session and discussed

the amendments.

On May 9, 2022, the Planning Commission held a public hearing and recommended approval of the amendments to the City Council. The City Council will review the proposed amendments on May 18, 2022.

Therefore, Goal 1 has been met.

Goal 2, Land Use Planning, requires a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decision and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for such decisions and actions.

FINDING: The Goal is met because the City followed the land use planning process and policy framework established in the City's acknowledged Comprehensive Plan and BDC as a basis for the decisions and actions related to the new regulations regarding the use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for these decisions and actions. The amendments will be adopted by the City Council after a public hearing. Multiple opportunities were provided for review and comment by citizens and affected governmental units during the preparation of this ordinance.

Goal 2 specifically states that minor plan changes should be based on special studies or other information, which will serve as the factual basis to support the change. The public need and justification for the particular change should be established.

The proposed amendments implement SB 458 which was passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2021 and it goes into effect July 1, 2022. The bill is a follow-up to HB 2001 which legalizes middle housing in many cities throughout the state including Bend. SB 458 requires cities to allow middle housing developments to be divided into individual lots or parcels for homeownership opportunities by July 1, 2022. For example, a triplex could be built on a lot and then split into three smaller parcels, each containing one dwelling unit, by using an expedited land division procedure.

In addition to SB 458, the FY 2021-23 Council Goal Framework plan includes a housing goal to "*Take meaningful action to make this statement a reality: People who live and work in Bend can afford housing in Bend.*"

The adopted housing goal includes the following strategy and actions to implement this goal:

Strategy: Pursue policy actions to increase the supply of housing as a platform for equity

- *Leverage legislative opportunities to obtain housing for those most in need and provide additional opportunities for first time home ownership*

- *Remove and reduce regulatory barriers for development of housing, with an emphasis on incentivizing rent and price restricted affordable housing, middle income housing, and housing that serves vulnerable community members.*

The amendments implement SB 458 and the 2021-23 Council goal by reducing barriers and allowing middle housing developments to be divided into individual lots or parcels for homeownership opportunities. These changes are necessary to ensure conformance with SB 458 and facilitate implementation of the Council's goals. Therefore the amendments are justified and needed, and compliance with Goal 2 is met.

Goal 3, Agricultural Lands, Goal 4, Forest Lands, and Goal 5, Natural Resources, Scenic and Historic Areas, and Open Spaces. Goals 3 and 4 are not applicable because there are no Agricultural or Forest Lands in the City. Goal 5 is not applicable because these amendments do not affect any regulation that implements Goal 5 and the City's acknowledged regulations implementing Goal 5 remain in effect with no change in applicability.

Goal 6, Air, Water and Land Resources Quality is not applicable because the City's acknowledged regulations implementing Goal 6 remain in effect with no change in applicability.

Goal 7, Areas Subject to Natural Hazards is not applicable because the City's acknowledged regulations implementing Goal 7 remain in effect with no change in applicability.

Goal 8, Recreational Needs requires the City to satisfy the recreational needs of the citizens of the state and visitors and, where appropriate, to provide for the siting of necessary recreational facilities including destination resorts. This goal is not applicable as the amendments have no effect on the availability of or access to recreational opportunities.

Goal 9, Economic Development, is implemented through Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) Division 9, which is intended to ensure that each jurisdiction maintain an adequate land supply for economic development and employment growth. This goal is not applicable as the amendments have no effect on economic development and economic growth.

Goal 10, Housing, requires provisions to provide for the housing needs of citizens of the state. The Goal also requires cities to inventory its buildable residential lands, project future needs for such lands, and plan and zone enough buildable land to meet those needs. It also prohibits local plans from discriminating against needed housing types.

FINDING: According to the Bend Housing Needs Analysis (HNA), Bend is planning for growth of about 38,500 people between 2008 and 2028, requiring nearly 16,700 new dwelling units. Bend's housing needs are changing and key demographic changes are occurring in Bend and across the nation. Baby Boomers may need affordable housing

or may choose to downsize their housing, resulting in greater demand for small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, apartments, and condominiums and growth in Millennial households will increase the need for affordable housing for renters and homeowners such as: small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, duplexes, townhomes, garden apartments, and apartments.

In addition to the HNA, the FY 2021-23 Bend City Council Goal Framework plan includes a housing goal to “*Take meaningful action to make this statement a reality: People who live and work in Bend can afford housing in Bend.*” The adopted housing goal includes the following strategy and actions to implement this goal:

Strategy: Pursue policy actions to increase the supply of housing as a platform for equity

- *Leverage legislative opportunities to obtain housing for those most in need and provide additional opportunities for first time home ownership*
- *Remove and reduce regulatory barriers for development of housing, with an emphasis on incentivizing rent and price restricted affordable housing, middle income housing, and housing that serves vulnerable community members.*

The amendments provide the opportunity for the City of Bend to implement the legislative opportunities of SB 458 and allow middle housing developments to be divided into individual lots for homeownership opportunities. The amendments help implement the Council's goal of increasing the supply of housing as a platform for equity, and meet the needs identified in the HNA by encouraging the development of middle housing types.

While not directly related to the SB 458 changes, the draft also includes the following house-keeping amendments in other sections of the code for consistency and clarity for needed housing:

2.1.1000, Multi-Unit Residential Districts (RM, RH). Add cottage developments as an allowable mix of housing units for properties in the RM that are between three and 20 acres.

3.1.200 Lot, Parcel and Block Design. Clarify that townhomes require a 20-foot lot width in zones that do not have a minimum lot width. This is consistent with the lot width requirement for townhomes in residential districts.

3.8.600 Courtyard Dwelling Units. Revise the requirements for courtyard dwelling units for clarity based on recent courtyard dwelling unit applications.

4.5.200 Community Master Plans. Add quadplexes as an allowable housing mix for master plans. Quadplexes were allowed prior to the HB 2001 amendments and were inadvertently left out when the definition for multi-unit was revise to be five or more units.

The proposed amendments continue to provide opportunities to build needed housing that was identified in the HNA acknowledged in the December 2016 Urban Growth Boundary Expansion. The amendments provide flexibility, consistency and clarity for needed housings, promote homeownership opportunities and help meet the needs identified in the HNA.

Therefore, compliance with Goal 10 is satisfied.

Goal 11, Public Facilities and Services, requires the City to plan and develop a timely, orderly and efficient arrangement of public facilities and services to serve as a framework for urban and rural development. The amendments will not result in the need to adjust or amend existing policies or projects in the City's adopted facility plans. Therefore, compliance with Goal 11 is satisfied.

Goal 12, Transportation, requires the City to provide and encourage a safe and convenient and economic transportation system. The amendments are not site specific and therefore do not affect the functional classification of any street. The amendments will have no measurable impacts on the amount of traffic on the existing transportation system; therefore, the amendments do not cause a "significant effect" under ORS 660-012-0060. Therefore, compliance with Goal 12 is maintained.

Goal 13, Energy Conservation is not applicable because the City's acknowledged regulations implementing Goal 13 remain in effect with no change in applicability.

Goal 14, Urbanization, requires the City to provide for an orderly and efficient transition from rural to urban land use, to accommodate urban population and urban employment inside urban growth boundaries, to ensure efficient use of land, and to provide for livable communities. The amendments do not encourage sprawl or lower than targeted densities, or uncoordinated development. The management of the City's land use inventories is unaffected by these amendments and therefore, the City's long-standing acknowledgment of compliance with Goal 14 is maintained.

Goal 15, Willamette River Greenway, Goal 16, Estuarine Resources, Goal 17, Coastal Shorelands, Goal 18, Beaches and Dunes, and Goal 19, Ocean Resources are not applicable to the BDC amendments.

Based on the above discussion, the amendments to the BDC are consistent with the statewide planning goals and therefore comply with the requirement that the amendments be consistent with state land use planning law.

Because the amendments are limited in scope, there are no other Administrative Rules applicable to this amendment. Likewise, there are no other applicable Oregon Revised Statutes that are criteria applicable to these amendments (Note, consistency with the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) is discussed further in this document).

2. The request is consistent with the applicable Bend Comprehensive Plan goals and policies;

FINDING: The “goals” established in the Comprehensive Plan express the desires of the residents of Bend as the City progresses into the future. The “goals” are generally carried out through “policies,” which are statements of public policy. The following Goals and Policies are applicable:

Chapter 1: Plan Management and Citizen Involvement Goals:

- **Create Housing Options and Affordability.** Bend residents have access to a variety of high quality housing options, including housing affordable to people with a range of incomes and housing suitable to seniors, families, people with special needs, and others. Housing design is innovative and energy efficient.

FINDING: SB 458 allows middle housing developments to be divided into separate lots or parcels, using an expedited land division process. SB 458 applies to duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, and cottage cluster developments. SB 458 is a follow up bill to HB 2001 which aims to provide Oregonians with more housing choices, especially housing choices more people can afford, by expanding the ability of property owners to develop middle housing in all residential zones. SB 458 requires jurisdictions to allow middle housing land divisions for any HB 2001 middle housing type built in accordance with ORS 197.758. The land division of middle housing will help provide additional housing options for ownership that are more affordable due to the likely hood of smaller lots and parcels and unit sizes.

- **Promote Public and Civic Involvement.** Encourage involvement by all citizens, corporate and individual, to keep the city vital and the Plan an “evolving vision”.

FINDING: Staff emailed the proposed amendments to the people who have expressed an interest in the amendments, to the Bend Development Code Update Group and to the Neighborhood Association Land Use Chairs on March 21, 2022. The Bend Development Code Update Group includes community members comprised of architects, lawyers, developers, land use planners, and engineers and staff from COBA, Oregon LandWatch and Bend Park and Recreation District as well as people who are generally interested in amendments to the BDC.

- **Create Clear and Consistent Implementing Ordinances.** Implement the plan through effective, clear and consistent ordinances and language that reflect the intent of the vision.

FINDING: The code update implements the Comprehensive Plan through effective, clear and consistent language that reflects the intent of the vision.

Policies

Development within the Urban Growth Boundary

1-7 The City will encourage compact development and the integration of land uses within the Urban Growth Boundary to reduce trips, vehicle miles traveled, and facilitate non-automobile travel.

FINDING: The amendments will encourage the development of middle housing since they will be eligible for an expedited land division process to create home ownership. When middle housing is developed in places that are close to jobs and shopping they can produce shorter vehicle trips and more walking and transit trips.

Citizen Involvement

1-15. The city shall continue to use advisory committees in their planning process, members of which are selected by an open process, and who are widely representative of the community.

1-16. The city will use other mechanisms, such as, but not limited to, meetings with neighborhood groups, planning commission hearings, design workshops, and public forums, to provide an opportunity for all the citizens of the area to participate in the planning process.

FINDING for 1-15 and 1-16: Notice of the amendments was provided to the Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD) on March 21, 2022. Staff emailed the proposed amendments to the people who have expressed an interest in the amendments, to the Bend Development Code Update Group and to the Neighborhood Association Land Use Chairs on March 21, 2022. A notice of the May 9, 2022, 2022, Planning Commission public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 17, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the Neighborhood Associations on April 14, 2022. A notice of the May 18, 2022, City Council public hearing was printed in the Bend Bulletin on April 24, 2022, and mailed and emailed to the neighborhood associations on April 22, 2022.

Staff emailed the proposed amendments to the people who have expressed an interest in the amendments, to the Bend Development Code Update Group and to the Neighborhood Association Land Use Chairs on March 21, 2022. The Bend Development Code Update Group includes community members comprised of architects, lawyers, developers, land use planners, and engineers and staff from COBA, Oregon LandWatch and Bend Park and Recreation District as well as people who are generally interested in amendments to the BDC.

On April 25, 2022, the Planning Commission, along with members from the Affordable Housing Advisory Committee (AHAC), Neighborhood Leadership Alliance (NLA), and Environmental and Climate Committee (ECC) held a joint work session and discussed the amendments.

On May 9, 2022, the Planning Commission held a virtual public hearing and recommended approval of the amendments to the City Council.

Therefore, compliance with Chapter 1 has been met.

Chapter 5: Housing and Residential Lands

Goals:

- Keep our neighborhoods livable by offering a variety of living styles and choices, creating attractive neighborhoods located close to schools, parks, shopping and employment.
- Accommodate the varied housing needs of citizens with particular concern for safety, affordability, open space, and a sense of community.
- Promote more flexibility in development standards to balance the need for more efficient use of residential land and preservation of natural features.

FINDING: HB 2001 is a law passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2019 to increase housing choice and supply. The law required large cities, including Bend, to amend their land use regulations to allow more housing types like duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, cottage clusters, and townhouses in residential areas where single-family homes are allowed. SB 458 requires Bend to allow middle housing land divisions for HB 2001 middle housing types. The result of such “middle housing land division” will be exactly one dwelling unit on each resulting lot; however, the bill specifies that the type of middle housing developed on the original lot parcel is not altered by a middle housing land division. The amendments implement SB 458 and will offer a variety of living styles and choices and help accommodate Bend’s housing needs by offering more opportunities for homeownership of middle housing dwelling units.

Policies

Housing Mix, Density, and Affordability

5-4. The City will apply plan designations, zoning districts and development code regulations to implement the mix of housing indicated in the adopted Housing Needs Analysis.

FINDING: According to Bend’s Housing Needs Analysis, Bend is planning for growth of about 38,500 people between 2008 and 2028, requiring nearly 16,700 new dwelling units. Bend’s housing needs are changing, based the following key demographic changes occurring in Bend and across the nation:

- Growth in Baby Boomers (Age in 2014: 48 to 67 years old; Age in 2028: 62 to 81 years old). The number of people over age 65 years old is projected to grow by more than 37,000 over the planning period. Given that Bend’s population accounts for about half of the County’s population, about half of this growth will be in Bend. Households with a householder over the age of 65 typically have lower income than younger households. Those without accumulated wealth (e.g.,

housing equity or investments) may choose lower-cost multifamily housing. Some Baby Boomers may choose to downsize their housing, resulting in greater demand for small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, apartments, and condominiums.

- Growth in Millennials (Age in 2014: 17 to 30 years old; Age in 2028: 31 to 44 years old). The number of Millennials is expected to grow by about 14,000 in Deschutes County over the planning period. Given that Bend's population accounts for about half of the County's population, about half of this growth will be in Bend. Younger Millennials typically have lower income and may have higher debt. Growth in Millennial households will increase the need for affordable housing for renters and homeowners such as: small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, duplexes, townhomes, garden apartments, and apartments.
- Growth in Hispanic and Latino population. The Hispanic and Latino population more than doubled between 2000 and 2013, growing by nearly 6,000 people. The Hispanic and Latino population is expected to continue to grow throughout the State, including in Bend, through 2028. To the extent that in-migrating Hispanic and Latino households have lower than average income, then in-migration of ethnic groups will increase demand for housing affordable to low- and moderate-income households relative to demand for other types of housing. Growth in Hispanic and Latino households will increase the need for affordable housing for renters and homeowners such as: single family dwellings (both smaller and larger sized dwellings), duplexes, larger townhomes, garden apartments, and apartments. Ownership opportunities for Hispanic and Latino Bend Housing Needs Analysis July 19, 2016 Page 2 of 110 households will focus on moderate-cost ownership opportunities, such as single-family dwellings on a small lot or in a more suburban location, duplexes, and townhomes.

The amendments will help implement the development of a mix of housing indicated in the adopted Housing Needs Analysis by allowing expedited land divisions of middle housing developments. In compliance with SB 458, the amendments provide a streamlined land division review process with minimal standards for middle housing developments. This allows middle housing to be divided so that each dwelling unit can be located on its own lot or parcel to create the opportunity for home ownership.

5-7 The City will continue to create incentives for and remove barriers to development of a variety of housing types in all residential zones. This policy is intended to implement the City's obligation under the State Housing Goal to "encourage the availability of adequate numbers of needed housing units at price ranges and rent levels which are commensurate with the financial capabilities of Oregon households and allow for flexibility of housing location, type, and density".

FINDING: The summary of key findings about housing affordability in the Housing Needs Analysis states that the decreases in housing affordability for homeowners shows an increased need for less costly smaller single-family detached housing, both

smaller lots and smaller units, such as cottages or cluster housing, and for townhouses. Demand for owner-occupied multifamily housing, such as garden apartments or urban condominiums, may increase, especially in walkable areas with access to services. These types of more affordable owner-occupied units are the types likely to be preferred by some downsizing baby Boomers and Millennials, especially as first houses for Millennials.

In addition, according to the Housing Needs Analysis, some baby boomers may choose to downsize their housing, resulting in greater demand for small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, apartments, and condominiums and growth in millennial households will increase the need for affordable housing for renters and homeowners such as: small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, duplexes, townhomes, garden apartments, and apartments.

The BDC allows duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, townhomes and cottage clusters (middle housing) in all residential districts with reduced lot sizes and parking requirements and no maximum density requirements in compliance with HB 2001. The amendments will allow land divisions for middle housing that enable each unit to be owned individually in compliance with SB 458. Given the smaller size of both the dwelling unit and the lot or parcel, a single unit of middle housing on a middle housing lot or parcel is likely to sell at a lower price point than a traditional single detached dwelling unit.

A new section has been added for Expedited and Middle Housing Land Divisions (BDC 4.3.700) to incorporate the process specified in SB 458 and ORS 197. SB 458 establishes the review procedure that cities must follow for middle housing land divisions (the same procedure for expedited land divisions), limits the review criteria and conditions of approval that cities can apply, and it includes other specifications and requirements. The state-mandated procedures apply regardless of whether they are adopted into the BDC; however, the City has opted to include the provisions in the BDC in order to make the process more accessible to applicants and easier to apply.

In addition, the amendments include a new section, 3.6.200.A, Development on a Middle Housing Land Division Site. This new section applies to future development and alterations to development on a site that has undergone a middle housing land division. It incorporates certain limitations that are allowed by SB 458, including that the type of housing doesn't change with creation of new lots or parcels, that only one dwelling unit is allowed per lot and that lots or parcels may not be subsequently divided.

As part of the HB 2001 amendments adopted on October 6, 2021, the Council found that it is in the public interest to limit the number of short-term rentals permitted to one short-term rental unit per property in the RL, RS, RM, RH, and MR outside of the Old Mill District boundary (noted as Type II in Figure 3.6.500.C) to help ensure the availability of adequate numbers of needed housing. Therefore, a property with more than one dwelling unit on a property (e.g. ADUs, duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, multi-

unit, cottages, etc.), can only have one unit permitted as a short-term rental, and only if all other requirements for short-term rentals are met. To help ensure the availability of adequate numbers of needed housing, the City Council added the following amendment on May 18, 2022, to clarify how the standards for short-term rentals apply to a middle housing land division site:

For purposes of the middle housing development, the concentration limits for Short-Term Rentals in BDC 3.6.500 will be measured based on the parent site, rather than from an individual lot or parcel created through a middle housing land division. Individual lots or parcels will each be subject to the other standards in BDC 3.6.500, Short-Term Rentals, on an individual lot or parcel basis.

This amendment furthers the goal of supporting the use of middle housing for people who live and work in the City of Bend.

Therefore, the amendments remove barriers and provide a more affordable development option for middle housing by allowing an expedited land division with minimum requirements.

5-8 The City will apply innovative and flexible zoning tools to support a mix of housing types and densities.

FINDING: The amendments will allow an expedited land use process for middle housing. The expedited land division process provides an alternative procedure intended to streamline the review of residential land divisions under state law. In compliance with SB 458, the amendments will require the following:

- A proposal for development of middle housing in compliance with applicable middle housing land use regulations
- Separate utilities for each dwelling unit
- Easements necessary for utilities, pedestrian access, common use areas or shared building elements, dedicated driveways/parking, and dedication common areas
- One dwelling unit per each resulting lot or parcel, except common areas
- Evidence demonstrating how buildings or structures on resulting lots or parcels will comply with applicable building code provisions relating to new property lines and how the dwelling units will comply with the Oregon residential specialty code.

The amendments will limit further division of middle housing lots and parcel limitations, street frontage improvements, and right-of-way dedication if the original lot or parcel did not make such dedication; however, the amendments will not require a middle housing land division application to approval criteria outside of what is provided in the bill, including that a lot or parcel require driveways, vehicle access, parking, or minimum/maximum street frontage, or requirements inconsistent with HB 2001.

Therefore, the amendments provide flexibility by streamlining the review process and limiting what can be required for a middle housing land division and support opportunities for home ownership.

5-17 The City will monitor parking needs for residential uses and set parking requirements to the lowest standards that will meet the community's needs in order to reduce land utilized for parking, reduce the cost of housing development, and encourage a more walkable development pattern.

FINDING: Ordinance No. NS-2423 amended the BDC and reduced the parking requirements for duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes and townhomes in compliance with the OAR and/or Large Cities Model Code. Although there are no minimum parking requirements for duplexes, triplexes and cottage cluster developments, and minimal parking requirements for a quadplex, a property owner and/or developer has the option to include as many off-street parking spaces as they feel the project needs since parking maximums don't apply to these types of dwelling units in compliance with BDC 3.3.300.E Maximum Number of Parking Spaces.

SB 458 prohibits cities from requiring that each resulting middle housing lot or parcel have its own parking space or driveway access. For example, a triplex could have a shared parking area with three spaces; the City cannot preclude the triplex lot from being divided such that two of the resulting lots only have access to the parking area via access easement. Therefore, the amendments do not require any additional parking and reduce the land needed for parking which helps reduce the cost of the development and encourages a more walkable development pattern.

Residential Compatibility

5-31 Residential areas will offer a wide variety of housing types in locations best suited to a range of housing types, needs and preferences.

FINDING: Middle housing is permitted all residential zoning districts. The amendments will allow middle housing (duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes and cottage clusters) to be processed through an expedited land division process to allow units to be sold or owned individually.

Neighborhood Appearance

5-33 All new developments shall include trees in the road right of way, as practical, in the planter strip between the curb and sidewalk.

FINDING: Street trees are required during a regular residential land division process that creates lots or parcels for both single-unit detached dwellings and middle housing. However, if a property owner pursues an expedited middle housing land division then

the division must meet the prescriptive standards of SB 458 which restricts the city from requiring street trees since only street improvement standards may be required.

Residential Development

5-55 The City will support residential infill development to help achieve the mix of housing identified in the adopted Housing Needs Analysis.

FINDING: According to the Bend Housing Needs Analysis, Bend is planning for growth of about 38,500 people between 2008 and 2028, requiring nearly 16,700 new dwelling units. Bend's housing needs are changing and key demographic changes are occurring in Bend and across the nation. Baby Boomers may need affordable housing or may choose to downsize their housing, resulting in greater demand for small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, townhomes, apartments, and condominiums and growth in Millennial households will increase the need for affordable housing for renters and homeowners such as: small single-family dwellings, cottages, accessory dwelling units, duplexes, townhomes, garden apartments, and apartments.

These amendments support residential infill by allowing middle housing to be divided into small lots and parcels within existing and new neighborhoods. Allowing middle housing to be divided into smaller individual lots and parcels will provide more housing choices and may result in housing that is more affordable than typical single-unit detached dwelling unit developments. Therefore, the amendments support residential infill development to help achieve the mix of housing identified in the adopted Housing Needs Analysis.

5-56 The City will promote a mix of housing types in areas zoned residential through clear and objective standards and in compliance with HB 2001.

FINDING: The Oregon State Legislature passed House Bill (HB) 2001 in 2019 which requires cities over 25,000 population to allow the development of "middle housing", such as:

- Duplexes "on each lot or parcel zoned for residential use that allow for the development of detached single family dwellings", and
- Triplexes, quadplexes, cottage clusters, and townhomes "in areas zoned for residential use that allow for the development of detached single family dwellings".

The City implemented HB 2001 with the adoption of Ordinance No. NS- 2423 which approved amendments to the BDC to allow duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, townhomes and cottage clusters in all residential zoning districts with reduced lots sizes and parking requirements and no maximum density requirements. SB 458 is a follow-up to HB 2001 and requires cities to allow an expedited land division for any HB 2001 middle housing type built in accordance with ORS 197.758. The amendments implement SB 458 by creating BDC 4.3.700, Expedited and Middle Housing Land Division. The amendments are clear and objective and continue to promote a mix of housing types in all residential zoning districts by allow an expedited land division for middle housing.

The amendments to create an expedited middle housing land division process (BDC 4.3.700) and the amendments for clarity and consistency satisfy Chapter 5 since they will help keep our neighborhoods livable by offering a variety of living styles and choices and they provide housing options that accommodate varied housing needs of citizens and they promote flexibility in development standards to balance the need for more efficient use of residential land.

Chapter 8: Public Facilities and Services

Adequate public facilities are the key to efficient and stable urban development. The goals below provide general guidance for maintaining and improving the level and quality of urban services as growth occurs in Bend. The citizens and elected officials strive:

- To have public and private utility systems provide adequate levels of service to the public at reasonable cost;

Policies

Sewer Collection Facilities

8-1 All new development within the City Limits should be connected to City sewer.

FINDING: An applicant for a middle housing land division must demonstrate that the application meets of the following criteria as required by SB 458:

Separate utility service connections for public water, sewer, and stormwater will be provided for each dwelling unit.

Water Facilities and Systems

8-18 Within the urban planning area, public and private water systems shall be consistent with City Standards and Specifications for construction and service capabilities.

FINDING: An applicant for a middle housing land division must demonstrate that the application meets of the following criteria as required by SB 458:

Separate utility service connections for public water, sewer, and stormwater will be provided for each dwelling unit.

Storm Drainage Facilities and Systems

8-24 Due to the lack of a defined drainage pattern for most of the urban area, development shall, to the extent practicable, contain and treat storm drainage on-site. In instances where containing storm drainage on-site would not be safe or practicable, the developer shall enter into a formal and recorded arrangement with the City or a private party to adequately address the storm drainage off site such as a regional control.

8-37 As part of site approval, or as a condition on tentative maps, as necessary, the City shall require permanent stormwater pollution control site design or treatment measures or systems and an ongoing method of maintenance over the life of the project.

FINDING for 8-24 and 8-37: Middle housing developments are required to comply with the Public Improvement Standards in BDC chapter 3.4, which requires compliance with Title 16, Grading, Excavation and Stormwater Management. Any proposed storm drainage public facilities must also comply with BDC 3.4.500, Storm Drainage Improvements. Construction of public improvements cannot commence until the City Engineer has approved all plans in conformance with the City of Bend Standards and Specifications.

Chapter 11: Growth Management

The amendments to the Bend Comprehensive Plan Chapter 11, Growth Management policies comply with the OARs and Large Cities Model Code and delete references to maximum allowed number of housing units for expansion areas.

Policies

General Growth Management Policies

11-1 The City will encourage compact development and the integration of land uses within the Urban Growth Boundary to reduce trips, vehicle miles traveled, and facilitate non-automobile travel.

FINDING: The amendments will encourage the development of middle housing since they will be eligible for an expedited land division process to create home ownership. When middle housing is developed in places that are close to jobs and shopping they can produce shorter vehicle trips and more walking and transit trips.

Master Planning Policies

11-51 Residentially designated land within master plans must meet higher minimum density standards than established for the residential plan designations generally and must provide for a variety of housing types. The City will set appropriate standards in the Development Code for housing mix and density for master plans in each residential

zone/plan designation. Such standards will ensure minimum densities and minimum housing mix that are no less than those listed in Table 11-1.

Residential District	Implementing Zone(s)	General Density Range*	Master Plan Minimum Density *	Master Plan Minimum Housing Mix**
Urban Low Density	Residential Low Density (RL)	Min: 1.1 Max: 4.0	2.0	10%
Urban Standard Density	Residential Standard Density (RS)	Min: 4.0 Max: 7.3	5.11	10%
Urban Medium Density	Residential Medium Density (RM)	Min: 7.3 Max: 21.7	13.02	67%
	Medium-10 Density Residential (RM-10)	Min: 6.0 Max: 10.0	6.0	67%
Urban High Density	Residential High Density (RH)	Min: 21.7 Max: 43.0	21.7	90%

* Density is expressed as dwellings per gross acre. See Bend Development Code for methodology to calculate minimum and maximum densities and for exemptions to the general density ranges.

**Housing mix is expressed as the minimum percent of units that must be townhomes, duplexes/triplexes/quadplexes and/or multi-units. See Bend Development Code for definitions of housing types.

FINDING: The amendment to BDC 4.5.200, Community Master Plans, adds quadplexes as an allowable housing mix for master plans in 4.5.200.E.3.b.i-iii. Quadplexes were allowed prior to the adoption of the HB 2001 amendments and were inadvertently left out when the definition for multi-unit was revise to be five or more units.

Therefore, the amendments satisfy Chapter 11.

Based on the findings stated above, staff concludes that the amendments are consistent with the applicable Bend Comprehensive Plan Goals and Policies.

3. The applicant can demonstrate a public need or benefit for the proposed amendment.

FINDING: The proposed amendments implement SB 458 which was passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2021. The bill is a follow-up to HB 2001 which legalizes middle

housing in many cities throughout the state. SB 458 requires cities to allow middle housing developments to be divided into individual lots or parcels for homeownership opportunities. The amendments streamline the land division process for middle housing with minimal standards and conditions which provides a public benefit and need over the longer term by providing more opportunities for home ownership in the City of Bend. The amendments also help meet the needs identified in the HNA by encouraging the development of middle housing types that may be more affordable. Therefore, the amendments to the BDC meet this criterion.

4.6.500 Record of Amendments.

The City Recorder shall maintain a record of amendments to the text of this Code and the land use districts map in a format convenient for public use.

FINDING: In the event the BDC text amendments are adopted by ordinance, the City Recorder will maintain a record of the amendments and the revised provisions will be included as part of the BDC available to the public on the City's website.

4.6.600 Transportation Planning Rule Compliance.

When a development application includes a proposed comprehensive plan amendment or land use district change, or both, the proposal shall be reviewed to determine whether it significantly affects a transportation facility, in accordance with Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 660-012-0060.

FINDING: The new text amends the BDC which is a functional component of the Bend Comprehensive Plan and is an amendment to a land use regulation as noted in OAR 660-012-0060. The amendments are not tied to any one development application and do not affect the functional classification of any street. These amendments do not change allowable uses or change regulations that result in the generation of additional vehicle trips; therefore, the amendments will have no measurable impacts on the amount of traffic on the existing transportation system. Because of this, the text amendments do not cause a "significant effect" under ORS 660-012-0060.

V. CONCLUSIONS:

Based on the above Findings, the BDC amendments meet all applicable criteria for adoption.