Considerations	Shared Use Path and Buffered Bike Lane on North Side	Concept B Shared Use Paths on Both Sides	Shared Use Paths and Protected Bike Lanes on Both Side
Consistency with broader community goals (Bend's Transportation System Plan, GO Bond)	While a shared use path improves ped/bike conditions on the north side, the absence of ped/bike infrastructure on the south side limits connectivity for some users.	Lower-stress walk/bike facilities provided on both sides, simplifying travel for vulnerable roadway users.	Lower-stress walk/bike facilities provided on both sides, simplifying travel for vulnerable roadway users. Protected bike lanes provide additional opportunity to separate people on foot from people on bicycles.
Safety and comfort for all users (people walking, bicycling, accessing transit, driving)	Despite the presence of a physically-separated path on the north side, people driving could encroach into the adjacent buffered bike lane.	Physically-separated paths eliminate potential for people driving to encroach into the walkway/bikeway. Conflict points are limited to intersections and driveways.	Physically-separated paths eliminate potential for people driving to encroach into the walkway/bikeway. Conflict points are limited to intersections and driveways.
Potential cost	Lowest cost (\$2.4 million) among the three options (improvements focus mostly on sidewalk/path infill).	Higher cost (\$4.4 million) than "Concept A" but lower than "Concept C." improvements include sidewalk/path infill on north side, and minor widening on south side.	Highest cost (\$16.9 million) among the three options (full roadway rebuild).
Minimizes temporary or	No anticipated right-of-way impacts.	No anticipated right-of-way impacts.	High right-of-way impact potential due to higher

Larger "footprint" than "Concept A" but smaller

than "Concept C." Opportunities to enhance

landscape buffer on north side with additional

plants and/or trees. Minimizes need for major

drainage and stormwater improvements.

Smallest "footprint" among the three options.

trees. Minimizes need for major drainage and

Opportunities to enhance landscape buffer

on north side with additional plants and/or

stormwater improvements.

impervious footprint, full roadway reconstruction,

and modifications to most accesses due to

Largest footprint among the three options.

Generally narrower landscape buffers. Major

drainage/stormwater upgrades are necessary

raised sections.

due to full roadway rebuild.

permanent impacts to adjacent

Minimizes impacts to natural,

historic or cultural resources

properties