

MEMO

To: Waste and Materials CCAP Update Workshop Attendees

From: Cassie Lacy, Senior Management Analyst

Date: 7/10/2024

Re: Waste and Materials Funding Opportunities, Existing CCAP

Actions, and Additional Data

Waste and Materials Related Funding Opportunities

- Recycling Modernization Act Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO) Funding.
 - Available to local governments to compensate for:
 - Transportation recycling long distances
 - Expanding recycling services
 - Implementing contamination reductino programming
- Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Materials Management Grants Program:
 - May be used for education and outreach, training, research, program, project or policy development, and workforce development to promote waste reduction and reuse
 - Project funding ranges from \$25,000 to \$125,000. ODEQ will disburse \$1 Million in funds during the first cycle
- EPA Solid Waste Infrastructure for Recycling Grants for Communities (IIJA).
 - Project funding ranges from \$500,000 to \$4,000,000
 - Projects must achieve one of the following objectives:
 - Establish, increase, expand or optimize collection and improve materials management infrastructure
 - Fund the creation and construction of angible infrastructure, technology, or other improvements to reduce contamination in the recycled materials stream
 - Establish, increase, expand or optimize capacity for materials management
 - Establish, increase, expand or optimize end markets for the use of recycled commodities
 - Demonstrate a significant and measureable increase in the diversion, recycling rate, and quality of materials collected for municipal solid waste

USDA Composting and Food Waste Reduction Cooperative Agreements

- Composting and Food Waste Reduction (CWFR) cooperative agreements assist local and municipal governments with projects that develop and test strategies for planning and implementing municipal compost plans and food waste reduction plans. Implementation activities will increase access to compost for agricultural produers, improve soil quality, and encourage innovative, scalable waste management plans that reduce and divert food waste from land fills
- Requires a 25% match which can be met through funds, in-kind contributions, and partner contributions
- Project funding ranges from \$75,000 to \$400,000

Waste and Materials CCAP Strategies

W1 - Improve waste recovery through recycling

- W1A Improve recycling at multifamily residences by ensuring multifamily developments offer recycling services and have adequate infrastructure to encourage recycle
- W1B Improve multifamily recycling by expanding and improving outreach and education at multifamily buildings
- W1C Develop a recycling and waste reduction program targeting tourists, including hotels and resort communities
- W1D Support the expansion of solid waste infrastructure and facilities needed to increase
 waste recovery and meet the long-term needs of the solid waste system, in partnership with
 Deschutes County and private waste companies.

W2 – Expand use of low carbon concrete in City projects and new development

- W2A Track concrete use in City projects an increase the use of low carbon concrete in City projects
- W2B Create incentives to encourage low carbon concrete in private development

W3 – Improve food waste recovery

- W3A Increase partiipation in curbside food waste collection
- W3B Develop and deliver educational program that teach and encourage residents to compost their food waste

W4 – Improve recovery of construction and demolition waste

• W4A – Expand and develop new programs to increase the recovery of construction and demolition materials

W5 - Encourage waste prevention and reducing consumption through outreach and education

- W5A Conduct outreach campaigns that promote waste revention and reduction consumption.
 Connect local residents and and businesses to local resources that reduce waste, like repair cafes
- W5B Implement training programs for specific industries to prevent waste, such as the building and construction industry and the food and restaurant industry. Identify and prioritize these industries based on local waste generation data

W6 – Encourage fod waste prevention through outreach and education

• W6A – Conduct outreach campaigns that promote food waste prevention and low carbon food waste choices

Additional Waste & Materials Data

Figure 1. Bend's 2021 Local GHG Emissions (left) and Local + Importated GHG Emissions (right)

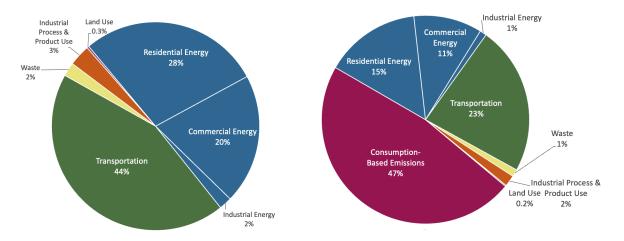


Figure 2. Bend's Scope 3 emissions by category

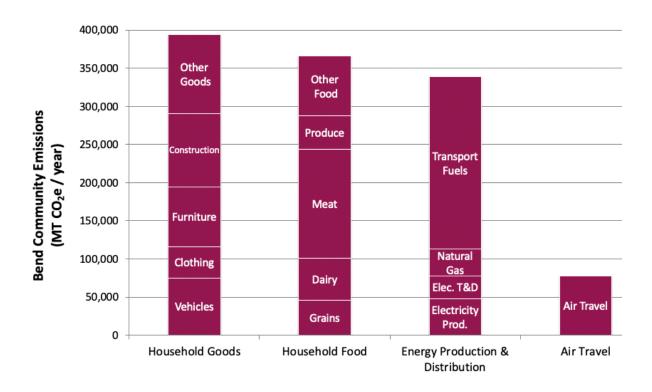


Figure 3. Solid waste GHG emissions

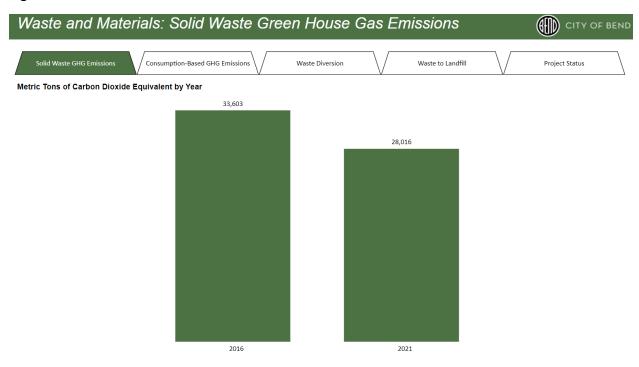


Figure 4. Consumption-based GHG emissions

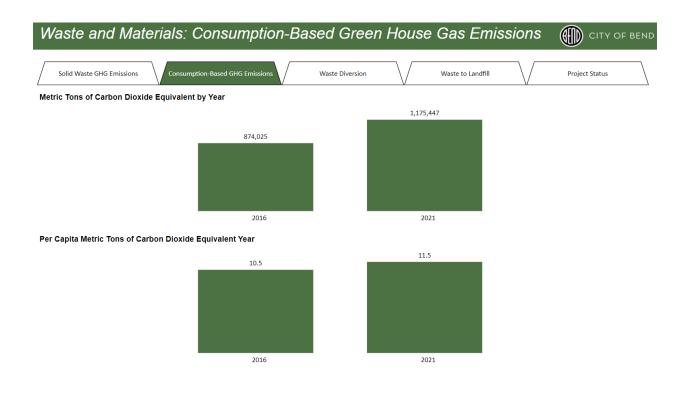


Figure 5. Waste diversion rates

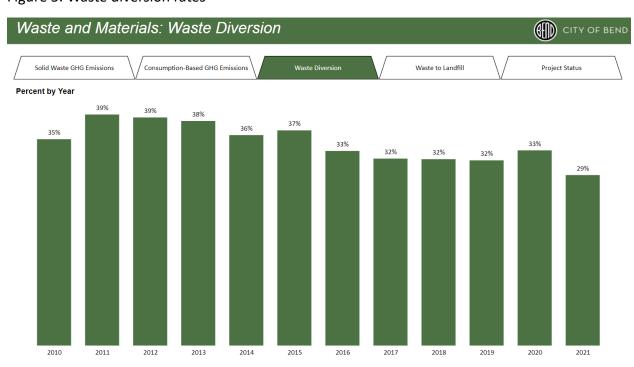


Figure 6. Waste to landfill weight

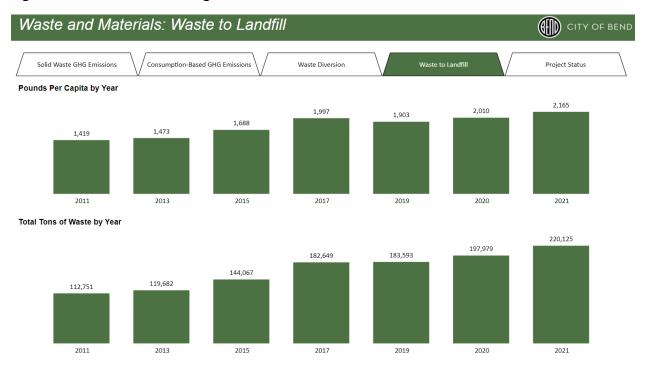


Table 1. Emissions in 2016 vs 2021

Inventory Year	Building Energy	Transportation	Waste Disposal	Refrigerants	Land Use Change
	MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e		MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e
2016	641,490	449,307	33,603	39,370	n/a
2021	660,446	574,586	28,016	43,440	4,329
% Difference	+3%	+28%*	-17%	+10%	n/a

Inventory Year	Goods Production	Food Production	Fuel Production	Air Travel	
	MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e	
2016	278,523	263,569	279,364	52,570	
2021	393,802	365,624	338,460	77,561	
% Difference	+41%	+39%	+21%	+48%	

Inventory Year	Local Emissions Total	Per capita	Imported Emissions Total	Per capita	Community Total	Per capita
	MT CO₂e	MT CO ₂ e	MT CO₂e	MT CO ₂ e	MT CO₂e	MT CO₂e
2016	1,163,771	13.9	874,025	10.5	2,037,796	24.4
2021	1,310,817	12.8	1,175,447	11.5	2,486,264	24.4
% Difference	+13%	-8%	+35%	+10%	+22%	-0.2%